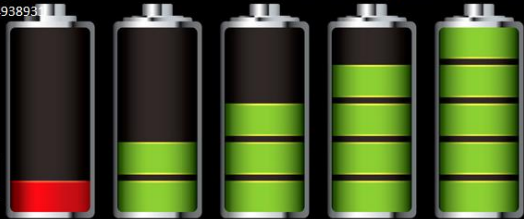


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Verbal Reasoning 15 questions 10 minutes

Instructions for 1 and 2

- A. Statement I is the cause and statement II is its effect
- B. Statement II is the cause and statement I is its effect
- C. Both the statements I and II are independent causes
- D. Both the statements I and II are effects of independent causes
- E. Both the statements I and II are effects of some common cause

1. Statements:

- I. Large number of people living in the low-lying areas has been evacuated during the last few days to safer places.
- II. The Government has rushed in relief supplies to the people living in the affected areas.

2. Statements:

- I. It is the aim of the city's civic authority to get the air pollution reduced by 20% in the next two months.
- II. The number of asthma cases in the city is constantly increasing.

3. Statement: Four districts in state A have been experiencing severe drought for the last three years resulting into exodus of people from these districts.

Courses of Action:

- I. The government should immediately start food for work program in the district to put a halt to the Exodus.
- II. The government should make effort to provide drinking / potable water to these districts.

III. Government should start investing in projects for effective use of resources during draught time.

- A. Only I and II follows
- B. Only II follows
- C. Either I or II follows
- D. I and II and III follows
- E. All I II and III follow

These questions are based on statement given below and the sentences labelled (A), (B), (C) and (D) as given below.

The cases of food poisoning due to consumption of liquor in rural areas are far greater than such cases in urban areas. Hence it can be concluded that the liquor supplied in rural areas is of low quality than that supplied in urban areas.

- (A) The prices of liquor are lower in rural areas than in urban areas.
- (B) Percentage of people consuming liquor is more in rural areas than in urban areas.
- (C) There are many unauthorized spurious liquor shops in the rural areas.
- (D) Number of people suffering from food poisoning due to consumption of liquor as a percentage of people who consume liquor is almost equal for both urban areas and rural areas.

4. Which of the above statements numbered (B), (C) and (D) if true will most weaken the given argument?

- (1) Only D (2) Both B and D (3) Only C (4) Only B (5) None

5. Which of the above statements numbered (A), (B), (C) and (D) if true will strengthen the given argument?

- (1) Only A (2) Only B (3) Only C (4) Both A & D (5) A, C & D

6. The district administration has issued a circular to all the farmers under its jurisdiction advising them for not using pesticides indiscriminately as it may pollute the ground water. Which of the following can be assumed from the given statement?

- (1) People may stop using ground water if the farmers continue to use pesticides indiscriminately.
- (2) The polluted ground water can cause health problems.
- (3) Farmers may refrain from using pesticides indiscriminately.
- (4) People in the district are majorly dependent on ground water for drinking use.
- (5) None of these

7. The number of people diagnosed with dengue fever (which is contracted from the bite of an infected mosquito) in North India this year is twice the number diagnosed last year. The authorities have concluded that measures to control the mosquito population have failed in this region. Which of the above statements if true will weaken the given argument?

- (A) An effective diagnostic test was introduced about nine months ago.
- (B) The incidence (number of cases per thousand) of malaria, also contracted from mosquito bites, has increased.
- (C) A very high proportion of the cases were diagnosed in people of neighbouring country.
- (D) More cases are now reported because of increases in administrative efficiency.
- (1) Only A (2) Only D (3) Only C (4) C and D (5) A and D

8. According to Albert Einstein's famous theory of relativity, time travel is theoretically possible. Assuming that time travel were to be made possible through some technological breakthrough, it would be advantageous to send someone back in time to prevent the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand in 1914 and thus keep World War I from ever occurring. Which of the following inference can be deduced from above argument?

- (1) It is not possible to alter a significant current in world history merely by changing a single event.
- (2) The technology necessary for time travel is likely to be developed in the near future.
- (3) Franz Ferdinand was the most influential figure of 1914.
- (4) The assassination of Franz Ferdinand was the crucial event that triggered the start of World War I.
- (5) None of these

9. The airlines have requested all their passengers to check the status of flight operations before leaving their homes as heavy fog is causing immense problems to normal flight operations. Which of the following inference can be made from the above statement?

- (1) The majority of the air passengers may check the flight status before starting their journey to the airport.
- (2) The Govt. may take serious objection to the notice issued by the airline company.
- (3) Majority of the passengers may cancel their tickets and postpone their journey till the situation becomes normal.
- (4) Both (1) and (2)
- (5) None of these

10. In the film Jurassic Park, scientists create live dinosaurs by replicating dinosaur DNA found inside an insect that had bitten a dinosaur and was then trapped in amber. Although such a feat has not yet been accomplished, one day modern science will probably succeed in recreating prehistoric creatures in a similar manner. All of the following assumptions underlie the conclusion of the passage above EXCEPT

- (1) the genetic information in DNA is sufficient to permit the recreation of an entire animal.
- (2) it will someday be possible to accurately replicate DNA in a laboratory.
- (3) enough DNA can be extracted from an insect to recreate an entire animal.
- (4) scientists will never fully understand how DNA functions.
- (5) None of these

11. Statements:

Some holy is festival. Some festival is enjoyment.
Some enjoyment is colourful. Some colourful is happiness.

Conclusions:

- I. Some holy is happiness is a possibility
 - II. Some festival is colourful is a possibility
 - III. Some enjoyment is happiness is a possibility.
 - IV. Some Holy are not Festival is a possibility
 - V. Some Employment are not Happiness is a possibility
- (a) None follows
 - (b) Only I and II follows
 - (c) Only II III and IV follows
 - (d) Only I II and V follows
 - (e) All follows

12. Statements:

No Pre are Mains, All Tier are Mains,
All Tier are Exam.

Conclusions:

- A. Some Tier are not Pre.
 - B. Some Mains are Exam.
 - C. Some Exam are not Pre.
 - D. No Pre are Tier.
- (a) All follow
 - (b) A, B and C
 - (c) B, C and D
 - (d) A, C and D
 - (e) None of these

13. Conclusions: Some job are result. All waiting being sorrow is a possibility. All good being waiting is a possibility. Some good is hesitating. Some result is hesitating.

Statements:

- (e) No result is waiting. All waiting is hesitating. Some hesitating is sorrow. Some result is good. No good is job.
- (e)Some result is waiting. All waiting is hesitating. Some hesitating is sorrow. No result is good. All good is job.

- (e)Some result is waiting. Some waiting is hesitating. Some hesitating is sorrow. Some result is good. Some good is job.
- (e) No result is waiting. All waiting is hesitating. Some hesitating is sorrow. No result is good. All good is job.
- (e)Some result is waiting. All waiting is hesitating. Some hesitating is sorrow. Some result is good. All good is job.

14. Conclusions: All dog is cat. No horse is boy.

Statements:

- (a) All horse is rat. No rat is boy. Some boy is cat. All cat is dog. Some dog is elephant.
- (b) All rat is elephant. Some elephant is cat. Some cat is boy. All boy is dog. No dog is horse.
- (c) All dog is boy. All boy is cat. Some horse is elephant. All elephant is rat. No horse is cat.
- (d) Some rat is elephant. All elephant is boy. Some boy is horse. No horse is cat. All cat is dog.
- (e) None of these.

15. Conclusions: Some train is bus. No station is platform.

Statements:

- (a) Some queen is train. No train is station. All bus is station. Some station is platform. All platform is road.
- (b) All queen is station. All platform is train. Some train is bus. All bus is road. No station is train.
- (c) Some queen is train. All train is road. No road is platform. Some platform is bus. No bus is station.
- (d) Some queen is train. No train is bus. No bus is road. Some road is station. All station is platform.
- (e) None of these.

Answers

1. Answer: Option E Evacuating low-lying areas and rushing in relief to the affected areas clearly indicates that floods have occurred in the area.
2. Answer: Option B The increase in number of asthma cases must have alerted the authorities to take action to control air pollution that triggers the disease.
3. Answer E. All 3 follows, even though III is long term solution but the problem is also long term.
4. (2) (A) is irrelevant and (C) supports the given argument. (B) weakens the argument by saying that since more people consume liquor in rural areas hence it is normal that the cases of food poisoning are more in rural areas. Similarly (D) also weakens the argument.
5. (3) Only (C) supports the argument saying that there are many unauthorized spurious liquor shops in the rural areas due to which the low quality liquor is supplied in rural areas.
6. (3) (1), (2) and (4) are irrelevant as nothing is mentioned about them. The district administration has issued a circular to make the farmers aware of hazards that indiscriminate use of pesticides poses to ground water and plead them to refrain from the same. Hence (3) is an assumption in the given statement.
7. The authorities conclude that measures to control mosquitoes have failed. (C) is irrelevant in the present context. (A) weakens the given argument by saying that the increase is because of the effective test and (D) also weakens the argument by saying that more cases are registered this year because of increases in administrative efficiency. However (B) supports the argument saying that as another mosquito-borne disease is increasing, it is more likely to indicate that mosquitoes are not controlled. (5) is correct.
8. (4) If (4) is not true we cannot reach the conclusion stated above.
9. (1) Only (1) is implicit in the given statement as it is a desired effect. (2) and (3) are not relevant as they are neither the root cause nor the desired effect.
10. (4) Choice (4) is not even remotely related to the passage.